

Development of an Australian soil test calibration database

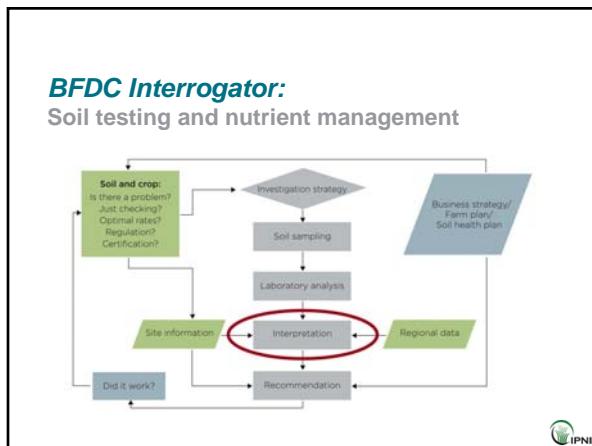
Simon Speirs, Graeme Watmuff, Douglas Reuter, Ken Peverill & Robert Norton

Better Crops, Better Environment ... through Science
XXIV Congreso Argentino de la Ciencia del Suelo
Bella Vista, May, 2014.

NSW Department of Primary Industries GRDC Grains Research & Development Corporation

Introduction

- Since the 1950's many thousands of fertiliser trials have been conducted in Australia using N, P, K &/or S in cereal, pulse & oilseed crops
- Combination of research projects, industry programs, & individual trials
- Undertaken by state & federal agencies, fertiliser companies, universities, & grower groups
- Variable amounts of data reported for different trials:
 - Consistent sampling protocols
 - Analytical methods



Better Fertilizer Decisions for Cropping

- Developed a consistent online database of all available & future fertiliser response trials for cereal, pulse & oilseed crops
- Developed an online interrogation tool & national training resources enabling the Australian grains & fertiliser industries to review critical soil test criteria
- Critical soil test criteria published in Crop & Pasture Science (CSIRO Publishing).
- Findings underpin Decision Support Systems under Fertcare® – the Australian Fertiliser Industry's stewardship program



Searchable data repository

- Two requirements for a repository:
 - Consistent and manageable data entry process
 - Easily accessible to next usersTo develop a consistent data repository:
 - A minimum compulsory dataset was defined. Key data were:
 - A fitted estimate of Y_0 & Y_{max} , obtained from fully replicated & statistically valid trial results
 - Soil test values, soil test depths, analytical methods
 - A standard Microsoft Access® data entry template was developed and used by more than 20 persons
 - Data were checked for consistency and imported into a central MySQL® Australian Crop Nutrition Database



Australian Nutrition Crop Database

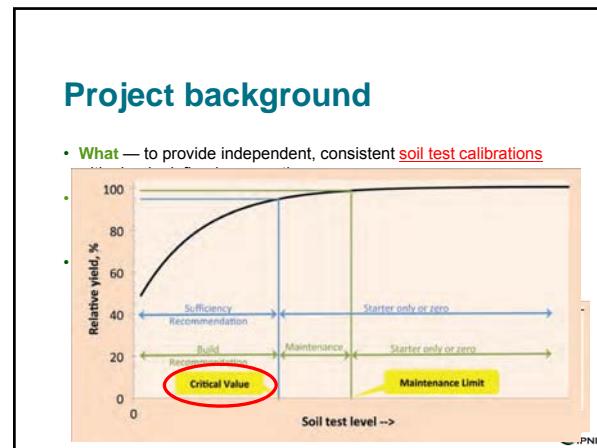
	Cereals	Oilseeds	Pulses
Nitrogen	1890	235	
Phosphorus	1976	93	607
Potassium	277	149	38
Sulphur	114	158	5
			5542



Minimum data requirements

- Location & soil type (ASC)
- Crop species, variety,
- sowing dates, harvest dates.
- Treatments described (4Rs)
- Statistically valid
- Yields recorded
- Able to fit Y_0 and Y_{\max} to generate relative yield
 - Mitscherlich, quadratic, parabolic, square root.
 - $RY\% = 100 * Y_0 / Y_{\max}$
- Recognized soil test & recorded sample depth!!!!





Calibration Curves developed

- Graph % RY by soil test value for data selected.
- Linear regression in the domains of
 - $y = \ln(\text{soil test})$,
 - $x = \arcsin(\sqrt{RY})$,
 - computing the critical levels and ranges
 - then back transformed.
- OUTPUTS
 - Graphic representation of data used
 - Critical values calculated



MAKING BETTER FERTILISER DECISIONS FOR CROPPING SYSTEMS IN AUSTRALIA

[Home](#) [Background](#) [BFDC Interpolator](#) [Included data](#) [Calibrations](#) [Publications](#) [Contact us](#) [Acknowledgements](#) [Disclaimer](#)



New South Wales Department of Primary Industries  GRDC  FFA 

Welcome to Making Better Fertiliser Decisions for Cropping Systems in Australia. 15 October 2012

BFDC Interrogator

The BFDC database holds extensive historic data for 5330 trial treatments in Australia. Each trial has a soil test and relative yield value. This interrogator allows users to search for the critical soil test values for a range of management and growing conditions. These exclude farming systems, growing season rainfall and paddock history.

The trial sites are geo-referenced within the database. A user can specify trials of any particular nutrient, a particular nutrient layer, and other layers such as any particular soil type, crop yield range, trial soil type, and nutrient responsiveness can assist the user to best judge the geographic area of interest.

The interrogator helps users to interpret soil test results for N, P, K and S. It does not provide a fertiliser recommendation. All users are encouraged to consult a fertiliser consultant or agronomist before applying fertiliser.

The BFDC project is supported by the Grains Research and Development Corporation. It is led by NSW DPI and includes substantial collaboration with the fertiliser industry, consultants, state and federal agencies, agribusiness, and universities. These collaborators have contributed the data held in the database.

Soil test-crop response trials

The database hosts 5330 trial treatment series undertaken at 2769 sites. These consist of 1780 N, 237 P, 365 K and 287 S trials.

Searching the database

Trial sites are plotted on the map as grey dots. Make a selection of trials based on the search criteria below and/or by drawing a polygon on the map around your region of interest. Always begin with a broad selection, then narrow the criteria to search the selection in more detail.

Optional Layers | Legend

Draw Polygon

A polygon can be drawn on the map, when the 'Draw Polygon' tool is selected from the Map tools menu. When doing a trial selection, only those trials falling within the polygon will be selected. To draw the polygon, click on the map to define the vertices of the polygon, then click on the 'Complete' button to close the polygon. To complete the polygon, always click the 'Complete' button before the map. The polygon boundary must not cross over itself.

Soil test-crop response trials

The database holds 6530 trial treatment series undertaken at 2709 sites. These consist of 1780 N, 2357 P, 365 K and 287 S trials.

Searching the database

Trial sites are plotted on the map as grey dots. Make a selection of trials based on the search criteria below and/or by drawing a polygon on the map around your region of interest. Always begin with a broad selection, then narrow the criteria to select the selection in more detail.

Optional Layers | Legend

Road Vegetation Rainfall

A polygon can be drawn on the map when the Draw Polygon tool is selected from the Map tools menu. When doing a trial selection, only those trials falling within the polygon will be selected. To draw the polygon, click on the map to define three or more points that form a boundary around the geographic area of interest. To complete the polygon, always click the [complete] text below the map. The polygon boundary must not cross over itself.

Search Criteria:

- Nutrient: P All
- From Year: All To Year: All
- State: All
- Crop: Cereal barley feed Triticoid (Yellow, acid) Unknown Barley (Black) Barley (Brown) Barley (Red)
- Cereal barley malting Cereal maize Cereal sorghum Cereal millets Cereal legume (bean, navy)
- From Date: <= >= < >
- To Date: <= >= < >
- Season: All
- Australian Soil Class: Vertisol (Yellow, acid) Vertisol (Yellow, G) Vertisol (Grey) Vertisol (Black) Vertisol (Brown) Vertisol (Red)

Select trials that satisfy the selection criteria above

Soil test-crop response calibrations

414 P trials fit your initial selection criteria. Their locations with Australian Soil Classification(s) are plotted on the map.

You may wish to:

- list selection summary information
- map Australian Soil Classification
- map relative yields
- map maximum yields

To choose a new region draw a polygon and refresh the trial selection.

Graph soil test value by:

Relative Yield Yield Increase

Choose soil test and sample depth:

P Colwell mg/kg (524) 0.75cm(adj)>0-10cm

View data relationship:

plot data by crop plot data by soil type tabulate data

Limit max soil test value: (enter max soil test value for the plot)

Limit plot to most responsive treatment series per trial:

Refine your trial selection for determining a data relationship:

- Filter by rainfall, stored profile water, maximum yield, soil pH and/or soil organic carbon.

Reference:

Method	Extractant	Soil:solution ratio	Extraction period	Reference
Olsen P	0.5M NaHCO ₃ , pH 8.5	1:20	30 min	Olsen SH, Cole CV, Waterhouse FS, Dean LA (1954) Estimation of available phosphorus in soils by extraction with sodium bicarbonate. US Department of Agriculture, Circular No. 953.
Colwell P	0.5M NaHCO ₃ , pH 8.5 (modified Olsen)	1:100	16h	Colwell ID (1968) The estimation of the phosphorus fertilizer requirements of wheat in southern New South Wales by soil analysis. Aust J of Exp. Agric. and Animat. Res., 3, 190-8.

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Reference:

404 P Treatment Series

Soil test calibration:

Correlation R: 0.97
Range rel. yield values: 3.3 - 139.0
Slope RY(50-80): 2.5 (0.039 - 0)

Growing season rainfall: Above mm Below mm

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Reference:

27 P Treatment Series

Soil test calibration:

Correlation R: 0.98
Range rel. yield values: 5.0 - 116.0
Slope RY(50-80): 3.9 (0.49 - 7.3)

Growing season rainfall: Above mm Below mm

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Growing season rainfall: Above mm Below mm

Stored profile water: mm mm mm

Maximum yield: 4 t/ha t/ha

Accessing the data

- Accredited users of the database
 - Trained in using the tool
- Promotion of the outcomes
 - Conference talks, etc.
 - Special Edition of Crop & Pasture Science
- Accreditation through FertCare
- Legacy data
- On-going input of data, with described minimum datasets and key nutrient/crop/soil combinations



<http://www.bfdc.com.au/interrogator/frontpage.vm>



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